

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

NEWS VIA BANGGON AND OREYON.

A TESTIMONIAL TO COLONEL BADEN-POWELL.

London, 10th March.
Major Murray (Barma), Cowell (North West), and Captain Cowie (Indian State Railways), Old Carthusians, are presenting a testimonial to Colonel Baden-Powell.

MOVEMENTS OF TRANSPORTS.
The *Cornwall*, *Nineveh*, *Tunallan Castle*, *Kildonan Castle*, and *Mahratta* have sailed for the Cape, with 4,700 men, mainly Militia. The *Avoca*, *Britannia* and *Nile* have arrived with 450 invalids and wounded. The *Malla*, *Arundel Castle*, *Cheshire*, *Nairang*, and *Dunnegan Castle*, have arrived at Cape Town.

KRUGER AT THE ROUTE OF POPLAR'S GROVE.

Calcutta, 12th March.
During the recent operations in the Free State, and the rout of the Boers near Poplar's Grove, President Kruger was present. He strove by every means in his power to rally and stop the flight of the Boers, but utterly failed, the Free State particularly being thoroughly demoralised and disorganised.

THE BOERS AND PEACE OVERTURES.
A telegram received, dated March 11th, says that reports continue to come in regarding the wish of the enemy to make peace.
The *Central News* says definitely that the two Presidents have sent no less than five telegrams asking for our terms.
The telegrams were discussed at the Cabinet Meeting on Wednesday.
It is believed that our reply was uncompromising.

London, 11th March.
The rumour that the Presidents of the South African Republics are suing for peace is gaining ground, and some papers make definite assertions on the point.

The *Daily Mail* states that at Pretoria the highest officials believe that the plain uncompromising statement of the British intentions reveals that the basis of negotiations made the independence of the two Republics imperative.

London, 12th March.
The *Standard* states that Government will shortly affirm the impossibility of the Transvaal and Free State, as it was that condition which led to the war.

There now appears to be a deadlock in the negotiations, and the war will continue, unless Presidents Kruger and Steyn find that public opinion in both the Transvaal and the Free State is too strong to resist.

It is stated that the Boers, especially of the older generation, are anxious for peace at any price, and many are already returning to their farms.

EARLY SUBMISSION OF THE FREE STATE EXPECTED.

The *Times* correspondent, writing from Poplar Grove, says that the submission of the Free State is expected within a week.

JOUBERT'S ARMY PREPARING FOR A LAST STAND.

The *Daily Telegraph's* correspondent at Cape Town wires that the Boers are sending enormous supplies to Spokenen, on the extreme north of the frontier, to put General Joubert's army in readiness for a final stand.

BOERS' ALLEGED CAPTURE OF MAPEKING FORTS.

The Boers claim that they have captured all the forts defending Mafeking except one, and, regarding that, the capitulation of the garrison is hourly expected.

No news has yet been received of the force which left Kimberley to relieve Mafeking.

THE BOER PRESIDENTS IN CONFERENCE.
Presidents Kruger and Steyn conferred on Monday, and, on arriving at this conclusion, telegraphed their terms to Lord Salisbury; and it is stated they received a reply that the terms proposed were impossible.

GENERAL JOUBERT RESIGNS COMMAND OF THE BOER FORCES.

It is reported from Cape Town that General Joubert has resigned the chief command of the Boer Army, and has been succeeded by General Botha. No reason is assigned for the step, but it is believed that the Boers have quite lost confidence in the old leader's ability to successfully oppose the progress of Lord Roberts.

Another version is that General Joubert and President Kruger have quarrelled as to the proper conduct of the campaign.

BRITISH CASUALTIES.
The casualties at Poplar Grove on Thursday last were two men killed and thirty-eight wounded.

At Paardeberg, on the 17th February, there were 73 missing.

INDEPENDENCE IMPOSSIBLE.
The *Standard* states the Home Government will shortly affirm the impossibility to the perpetuation of the independence of the Transvaal and the Free State, as it was that condition which led to the war.

It is reported at Cape Town that General Joubert has resigned the command to Commandant Botha. General Joubert and President Kruger having quarrelled over the conduct of the war.

LORD ROBERTS WITNESSES WHITE FLAG TREACHERY.

Lord Roberts and several members of his staff witnessed on Saturday a gross abuse of the white flag and the treachery of the enemy. A large force of Boers was in imminent peril of being annihilated, when they hoisted the white flag. The British advanced to receive their surrender, whereupon another section fired repeated volleys into our men.

Lord Roberts has sent a strong protest to President Kruger and President Steyn against such dastardly conduct, threatening to disregard the white flag in future. He has also requested the British Government to communicate his protest to the neutral Powers.

AN INSTANCE OF BOER MOBILITY.—LORD ROBERTS STRATEGY DEFEATED.

The enemy's mobility and adroit and skilful moving of their guns were most remarkable on Saturday, and defeated the strategy of Lord Roberts. He attempted to turn their flank, but the movement began too late and our ammunition ran short. The consequence was that the enemy escaped complete annihilation.

THE POWERS AND MODATION.

London, 13th March.
It seems clear that the Boers have addressed appeals for help not only to Germany, but to the whole Continent and America.

STRONG FEELING AROUSED IN ENGLAND.
The news has excited a strong feeling in England, though no foreign country has yet shown any inclination to help the enemy.

The *Times*, in the course of a strong leader on the subject, says: "We are glad that America and the Continent understand that offers of mediation would be distinctly repugnant to, and wholly inadmissible by, the nation. We mean to settle this 'business in our own way.'"

CANADA AND THE WAR.

London, 14th March.
Perhaps the most important debate that has ever taken place in the Canadian House of Commons was that on the participation of the Dominion in the war in South Africa. The enthusiasm was immense.

ELOQUENT SPEECH BY THE CANADIAN PREMIER.

The Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Premier, was cheered to the echo when he rose to defend the action of the Government in sending Canadian troops to assist the Mother Country in repelling the Boer invasion. In a speech of passionate eloquence, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that the gallant deeds of the Canadians at Paardeberg, when they charged the larger in which General Cronje was entrenched, and compelled the surrender of his army, revealed to the world that a new power had been born in the West which would make itself felt in the future history of the world and the Dominion.

The House of Commons, in a memorable burst of enthusiasm, voted confidence in the Government, and approved the participation of Canada in the war. There were only ten dissenting members.

THE SEIZURE OF GERMAN VESSELS—PUBLICATION OF DEBATES.

The papers which have been published regarding the seizure of German vessels by British men-of-war, on suspicion of importing contraband of war to Delagoa Bay, show that Lord Salisbury, in reply to Count Von Bunsow, expressed surprise at the abrupt manner and unfounded imputations contained in the protests.

FEELING AROUSED IN ENGLAND.

The publication of these State documents has excited considerable feeling in the country, and the *Times* states that the correspondence throws light on the brutality of the German Press, and the insults to which English visitors have recently been subjected at Dresden.

GERMANY'S REPORTED REASON FOR NON-INTERVENTION.

The German Government denies the statement it declined to intervene between Great Britain and the South African Republics because it was in nowise concerned in the conflict. The reason for its rejection of the appeal of Presidents Kruger and Steyn is, not, however, given.

THE BOER PRESIDENTS' APPEAL.

London, 14th March.
The appeal of the Boer Presidents is an unambiguous and insolent document. It reaffirms the incontestable independence of both Republics as Sovereign States. It demands an amnesty for all participants in the war. Otherwise, it proceeds, "we will persevere, confident in God, who lighted the inextinguishable love of freedom in our hearts. He will accomplish His work in us. We hesitated so long as the advantage was on our side, fearing to hurt the feeling of the British, but now that British prestige is assured by the capture of our forces, we are obliged to inform the world of the conditions whereon we are ready to restore peace."

THE PREMIER'S REPLY.

Lord Salisbury, in reply, ignores the allusion to amnesty. He insists that the war preparations in the Transvaal during the peaceful negotiations concerning the serious grievances of British residents were so enormous that the only possible intention must have been to use them against Britain. Suddenly, after an insulting ultimatum, the Republic declared war, and it was joined by the Orange Free State, whereupon there had never been any discussion. Our repulse for acquiescing in the existence of the Republics has been the invasion of two British Colonies, great destruction of life and property, and a costly war entailing the loss of thousands of lives resulting therefrom. The British Government are not prepared to assent to the independence of either Republic.

This reply was read in Parliament amid unbounded applause, but the conclusion is generally regarded as short of the mark.

GENERAL WHITE GOING TO EAST LONDON—HIS APPEARANCE.

General White is apparently going to East London, joining the Fifth Division. His reception at Maritzburg, though informal, was enthusiastic. He is described as lame and feeble. He probably is unaware how home opinion has entirely turned in his favour.

LORD KITCHENER'S MOVEMENTS.

Lord Kitchener's arrival at Victoria West is impressing the rebels, despite disagreeable incidents.

BLOEMFONTEIN—PRETORIA ROUTE MOST RISKY.

An officer recently returned describes the Bloemfontein route to Pretoria as indefensible, the railway being straight and devoid of all fortifications and embankments.

VISITORS AT HOTELS.

Hongkong Hotel.

Miss Adams
Mr. J. H. Allen
Mr. O. N. Andersen
Mrs. Angus
Mr. J. A. Baker
Mr. W. S. Bailey
Rev. Bannister
Miss Bannister
Mr. J. B. Barlow
Mr. F. W. Black
Com. Blackburne, R.N.
Mr. S. Black
Mr. G. A. Black
Mr. F. B. Black
Mrs. Brooks
Mr. T. P. Burdett
Mr. & Mrs. A. H. Butler
Miss B. Butler
Mr. F. W. Calben
Mr. & Mrs. C. C. Carpenter
Miss Carpenter
Mr. H. R. Carter
Mr. & Mrs. F. Clark
Mr. C. Clement
Mr. E. E. Coats
Mr. & Mrs. Hy. Dallas
Comdr. & Mrs. Padsey
Dawson
Mr. P. C. Denroche
Miss Drum
Mr. E. Drummond
Mr. H. O. Drummond
Mr. W. S. Ennis
Mr. and Mrs. Folles
Mr. E. Fraser
Mr. H. G. Frasing
Mrs. Glover
Capt. Goddard
Mr. and Mrs. Godschau
Mr. Goldstone
Mr. & Mrs. W. M. Greig
Major Griffin
Mr. R. J. Hall
Mr. B. F. Hamerly
Mr. K. Hashizumi
Mr. and Mrs. Henderson
Miss Henderson
Miss Edith Henry
Miss Henry
Mr. A. M. Henry
Mr. B. Hermann
Mr. C. E. Hodde
Mr. T. Howard
Mr. E. P. Hudson
Major and Mrs. Jeffrey
Mr. J. H. Jenkins
Mr. W. B. Jones
Mr. & Mrs. Joseph
Mr. E. A. Kitchin
Mr. Kinghorn
Mrs. Koecher
Mrs. J. E. Lambie
Mr. F. Laro
Mr. E. C. Leggett
Mr. L. A. Levy
Mr. Liblan
Mr. Von Loech
Mr. E. J. Macgowan
Mr. A. Campbell Macmillan

PEAK HOTEL.

Mr. H. P. R. Brayne
Colonel Brown
Mr. C. B. B. B.
Mr. P. Bure
Sir John W. Carrington
Mr. Arthur R. Carr
Mr. A. O. Clarke
Mr. P. Daw
Mr. F. J. Haver Drees
Mr. J. S. Ezekiel
Mr. A. Forbes
Lt.-Col. A. B. Fraser
Mr. H. H. Gompertz
Colonel H. H. Gorge
Colonel The O'Gorman
Mr. D. M. Graham
Mr. Edward F. Gros
Mr. F. D. Grutter
Mr. J. Hays

CHATELAIN HOTEL.

Mr. W. A. Filon
Mrs. Filon & 2 daughters
Rev. Francis Flynn, R.N.
Mr. & Mrs. J. Andrew
Mr. H. Berkley
Mrs. H. C. D. Fraughton
Mrs. A. F. O'Neil
Mrs. Geo. Lawless
Mrs. J. F. Meeser and child
Dr. W. J. A. & Mrs. Moss

THE WATERSIDE HOTEL.

Mr. Jas. R. Mudie
Mr. & Mrs. J. N. Royce
Mr. Jas. T. Rosch
Mr. D. Shimoga
Mr. H. Shoolbred
Mr. W. O. C. Spalck
Mr. A. Trohff
Mr. Hendelker
Mr. H. J. H. H.
Mr. Ch. H. H. H.
Major G. R. St. John
Capt. F. K. K.
Mr. E. E. K.
Mr. E. Martin
Hon. H. H. H.
Capt. H. V. F. F.
Colonel Ryan
Major C. W. R. R.
Mr. Paul R. R.
Mr. A. Sinclair
Mr. A. P. Stokes
Mr. O. D. Thomson
Mess. Readie Wardwell
Miss Wardwell
Mr. J. H. Wheel
Rev. F. T. Johnson
Mr. R. F. Johnston
Consul Volpicelli
Madame Volpicelli

CONNAUGHT HOUSE.

Staff-Sur. O. W. Andrews, R.N.
Mrs. O. W. Andrews, children and nurse
Mr. Geo. Arms
Mr. & Mrs. D. Baldwin
Mr. G. Blom
Mrs. Bowditch
Eugenie A. H. Cathcart, U.S.N.
Capt. P. B. Dyson, A.P.D.
Mr. A. E. E. E.
Mr. & Mrs. J. J. Elizalde and family
Mr. G. C. Fullerton
Mr. L. A. Genge
Mr. Alex. Haimen
Mr. & Mrs. F. W. Hall
Mr. A. H. Heath
Mr. S. B. Johnson

PORTLAND CEMENT.

THE WHITE CEMENT.

AGENTS FOR CHINA.

HOLIDAY, WIFE & CO.

Hongkong, 16th September, 1899.

KWAN WOO.

DEALER IN NEW AND SECOND-HAND EUROPEAN DRESSES, TOWELS, OILSKINS, AN UMBRELLAS, &c.

No. 8, EAST STREET, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1900.

TO LET.

"HARFORD"—MAGAZINE GAP.

"THE RETREAT," MOUNT KELLET. TOP FLOOR, No. 1, Duddell Street. GIPPOWS Nos. 80A and 82, Praya East. 5, RIFON TERRACE.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 27th October, 1899.

TO LET, FURNISHED.

No. 1, BEILIOS TERRACE, Robinson Road. From 1st May for 5 months.

Apply to—
H. T. CARMICHAEL,
Queen's Building.
Hongkong, 13th March, 1900.

TO LET.

SUITE of OFFICES, OLD PRAYA CENTRAL. Immediate Possession.

Apply to—
GUACO,
Care of Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 29th March, 1900.

TO LET.

A SPACIOUS ROOM, suitable for an Office, on Third Floor of Prince's Building.

Apply to—
S. J. DAVID & CO.
Hongkong, 16th March, 1900.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES at Kowloon, near completion Low Rentals.

Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 10th March, 1900.

TO LET.

A PARTMENTS at Kowloon, with Board. Suitable for married couples or single gentlemen. Tennis Court.

Apply to—
MRS. HATHERLY,
Isdale, Kowloon.
Hongkong, 17th June, 1899.

PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

MRS. GILLANDERS has the honour to announce that she has now REMOVED to GLENWOOD, 21, Caine Road, formerly known as Kingsclere; ten minutes from Clock Tower.

Hongkong, 10th February, 1900.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with Board.

Apply to Mrs. MATHER, 2, Paddar's Hill.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1899.

DART LOONG.

LADIES' DRAPERS, OUTFITTERS AND TAILORS.

51 and 53, Wellington Street.

Latest styles in Ladies' Dress Materials, direct from the Manufacturers.

The Ladies' Tailoring Department is on the Premises, and under the superintendence of YUEN LEE.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1900.

ANNUAL CHEAP SALE.

with great Reduction.

During 20 Days only.

Commencing from 25th MARCH.

D. NOMA,

12, Beaconsfield Arcade,

Opposite the City Hall.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1900.

R. J. REMEDIOS.

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL STAMP DEALER.

No. 37, ELOIN STREET, HONGKONG.

Will be glad to send STAMPS on approval to any address on receipt of satisfactory references.

Is also prepared to purchase used POSTAGE STAMPS in Large or Small Quantities for Cash.

AGENTS WANTED, 15 to 25 % Discount Allowed.

1204X

KWONG SANG & CO.

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS, GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.

HOUSEWARE, ENGINEER TOOLS, BRASS AND IRON MERCHANTS.

CONTRACTORS, RIGGERS & STEVEDORES, No. 68, Praya Central, Hongkong.

DAVID CORSAIR & SONS.

MERCHANT NAVY NAVY BOILED LONG FLAX CANVAS.

RELIANCE CROWN TARPULING.

ARNHOLD KARRBERG & CO. Sole Agents.

TO SHIPMASTERS.

ENQUIRE where your FRESH WATER is obtained by the Water Boats, as FRESH WATER is the cause of much Sickness on board Ship.

We are the ONLY WATER BOAT COMPANY in HONGKONG EXCLUSIVELY supplying FILTERED WATER.

CALL FLAG W J. W. KEW & CO.

STEAM WATER BOAT COMPANY.

Hongkong, 16th October, 1899.

ORIENTAL PRESS AGENCY.

DUDELL STREET, HONGKONG.

P. O. Box 17.

NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS.

STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS.

AND ADVERTISING EXPERTS.

SHORTHAND REPORTS FURNISHED.

ESTIMATES SUPPLIED for LITHOGRAPHIC WORK of EVERY DESCRIPTION.

G. SCOTT CRANSTON, Manager.

3161

SIEN TING.

SURGEON DENTIST, No. 10, D'AGUIAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE, Consultation Free.

Hongkong, 23rd September, 1891.

GERMAN CONVERSATIONAL NIGHT SCHOOL.

Apply to—
"GERMAN,"
Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1900.

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED, is now prepared to receive perishable provisions for Cold Storage at EAST POINT at Moderate Rates.

W. M. FARLANE, Manager.

Hongkong, 17th February, 1899.

Y. F. SANG & CO.

COAL MERCHANTS have always on hand LARGE STOCKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF COAL.

Address—Care of Messrs. KWONG SANG & Co. No. 68, PRAYA.

FOR SALE.

C. H. S. HEIDENRECK'S CHAMPAGNE, 1899 WHITE SEAL.

\$38.00 per case of 1 dozen quarts.

\$40.00 per case of 2 dozen pints.

E. D. KRESSMANN & CO.'S RED AND WHITE BORDEAUX WINES.

C. O. HIBBERT & CO.'S BOTTLED ALE & STOUT.

STREMSSEN & CO.

Hongkong, 5th May, 1899.

YUBARI AND SORACHI COALS.

HOKKAIDO TANKO TETSUDO KAISHA.

(HOKKAIDO COLLIERY AND RAILWAY CO.)

CAPITAL ANNUAL OUTPUT.

YEN 12,000,000 300,000 TONS.

PORTS OF EXPORT—OTARU AND MURORA.

THE celebrated Yubari and Sorachi Coals are widely known as the best and most economical Japanese Coals. The Coals can be obtained at Tokyo, Yokohama, Otaru, Muroran, Shanghai, Hongkong, and other principal ports.

OFFICE: MINAMI, IDAMACHI, TOKYO, JAPAN.

Telegrams: "TANKO," TOKYO.

HUGHES & HUGH Agents for Hongkong.

AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.

No. 39, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, CHADWICK KEW.

(JAPANESE OF POETS & NOBLES).

Hongkong, 15th September, 1899.

CARMICHAEL & BARLOW, Consulting Engineers, Surveyors, and Contractors, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

DESIGNS and Specifications prepared for any class of Steamships. Launches and light draught vessels a specialty. Contractors for the supply and erecting of any type of machinery. New work and repairs supervised. New and second hand Launches for Sale.

Telegrams: "CELESTE," HONGKONG. Telephone, 232.

H. F. CARMICHAEL, R. J. BARLOW.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1899.

